

### Effectively Addressing Health Disparities in Hospitals, in a Value-Based Environment

**Cindy Bo** 

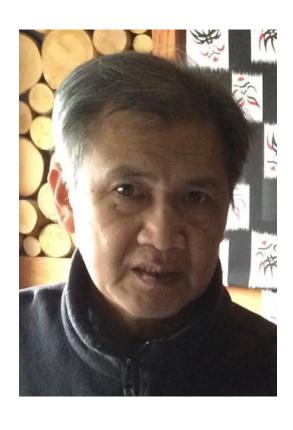
**Chief Strategy & Business Development Officer** 

Becker's Hospital Review 8<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting April 17, 2017

### Agenda

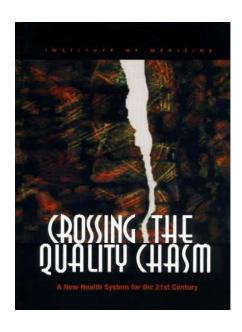
- Story of My Dad, Andy
- Health Disparities Background
- Addressing Health Disparities as Part of Value-Based Care –
   Focus on Readmissions
- Hospital Study: Nemours Alfred I. duPont Hospital for Children
- Summary / Q&A

### Meet my Dad, Andy, a Cancer Patient

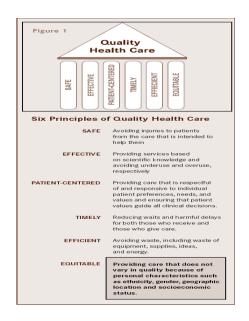


- A few years ago, my Dad was a kidney cancer patient
- As a patient, he experienced cultural and language barriers:
  - He sought healthcare only after cancer symptoms have become apparent
  - Limited English proficiency
- After discharge, there were still challenges
  - He felt ashamed that he was "sick" so he would not escalate pain, share his experiences with others
- He was readmitted twice within the first eight months after discharge

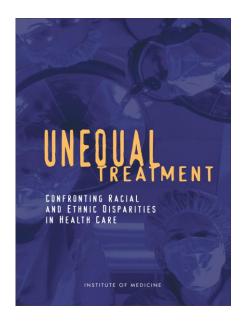
### **Health Disparities Background**



**Equity** in health care is achieved by providing care that does not vary in quality by characteristics such as ethnicity, gender, geographic location, and socioeconomic status.



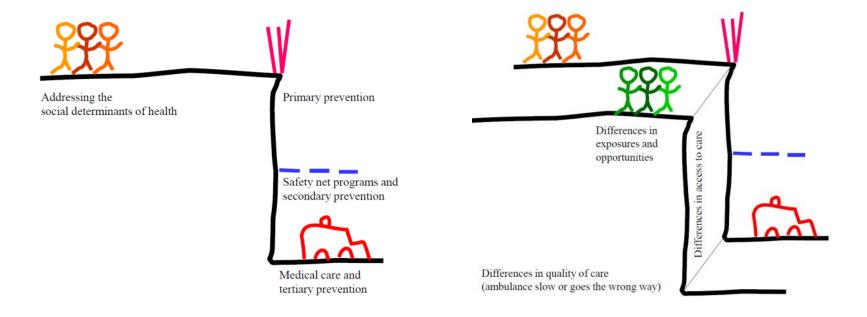
Well documented that disparities exist within each of the 6 Pillars of Quality



Findings: Many sources contribute to disparities—no one suspect, no one solution "We Treat Everyone the Same" Disparities = outcomes, not intentions



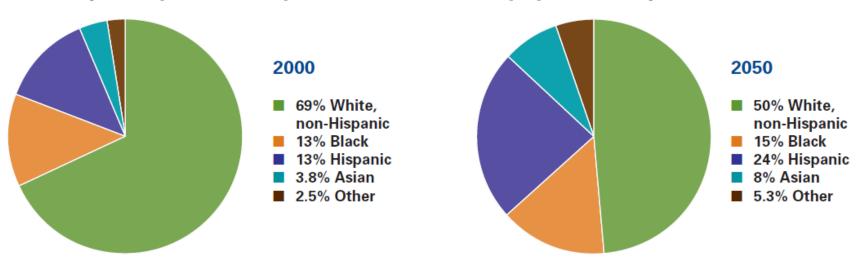
### **Health Disparities Background – "The Cliff Model"**





## While Some Strides Have Been Made, Quality Gaps Continue to Exist And They Will Only Get Worse

#### Minority Groups will compose half of the U.S. population by 2050



Source: United States Census Bureau, U.S. Interim Projects by Age, Sex, Race and Hispanic Origin, 2004.

NOTE: "Other" includes American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander. Numbers add up to more than 100 percent due to rounding.

Source: The United States Census Bureau



### Health Disparities Impact Value Comparisons Across the Globe – 2014 Update

#### COUNTRY RANKINGS

Top 2*											
Middle	*	4				<b>**</b>		_	4.0	$\searrow \angle$	
Bottom 2*	* 1	T				*	$\neg \vdash \!$		т.		
	AUS	CAN	FRA	GER	NETH	NZ	NOR	SWE	SWIZ	UK	US
OVERALL RANKING (2013)	4	10	9	5	5	7	7	3	2	1	11
Quality Care	2	9	8	7	5	4	11	10	3	1	5
Effective Care	4	7	9	6	5	2	11	10	8	1	3
Safe Care	3	10	2	6	7	9	11	5	4	1	7
Coordinated Care	4	8	9	10	5	2	7	11	3	1	6
Patient-Centered Care	5	8	10	7	3	6	11	9	2	1	4
Access	8	9	11	2	4	7	6	4	2	1	9
Cost-Related Problem	9	5	10	4	8	6	3	1	7	1	11
Timeliness of Care	6	11	10	4	2	7	8	9	1	3	5
Efficiency	4	10	8	9	7	3	4	2	6	1	11
Equity	5	9	7	4	8	10	6	1	2	2	11
Healthy Lives	4	8	1	7	5	9	6	2	3	10	11
Health Expenditures/Capita, 2011**	\$3,800	\$4,522	\$4,118	\$4,495	\$5,099	\$3,182	\$5,669	\$3,925	\$5,643	\$3,405	\$8,508

Notes: \* Includes ties. \*\* Expenditures shown in \$US PPP (purchasing power parity); Australian \$ data are from 2010.

Source: Calculated by The Commonwealth Fund based on 2011 International Health Policy Survey of Sicker Adults; 2012 International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians; 2013 International Health Policy Survey; Commonwealth Fund National Scorecard 2011; World Health Organization; and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, OECD Health Data, 2013 (Paris: OECD, Nov. 2013).

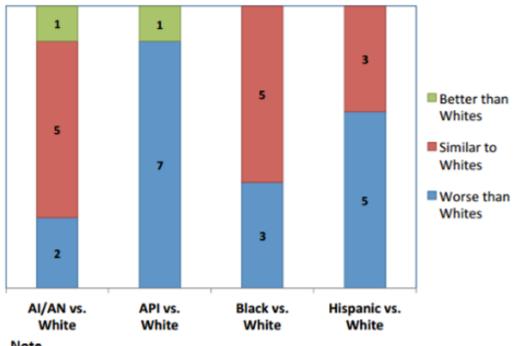
Source: The Commonwealth Fund



### **Health Disparities Impact Patient Experience**

#### Disparities in Care: All Patient Experience Measures

Number of patient experience measures (out of 8) for which members of selected groups reported experiences that are worse than, similar to, or better than the experiences reported by Whites in 2014



Note

AI/AN = American Indian or Alaskan Native

API - Asian or Pacific Islander

Source: CMS



### Hospital Study: Nemours Alfred I. duPont Hospital for Children

- Internationally recognized integrated children's health system
- Established in 1936 as The Nemours
   Foundation through the legacy and philanthropy of Alfred I. duPont
- 2 Hospitals (1 in Wilmington, DE; 1 in Orlando, FL)
- 17+ Partner Hospitals (11 in the DV)
- Across the Enterprise:
  - 50+ Outpatient primary, urgent and specialty care practices
  - 650+ Physicians
  - 200+ Researchers
  - 1,400+ Residents, Fellows and Students
  - 6.000+ Associates







#### Value Based Care Focus: Readmission Rates

- In a Value-Based Care environment, one of the key indicators of the quality of a hospital's care is how frequently its patients are readmitted within a month after being discharged.
- Many pediatric hospitals examined readmission rates for pediatric patients and found that up to 30 percent of them may have been preventable.



- While not all readmissions are entirely preventable, it is widely understood that a portion of unplanned readmissions could be prevented by addressing a series of barriers
- Our study has shown that certain patient-level factors, such as race, ethnicity, language, insurance, among may be predictors of readmission risk and readmissions.

### **Our Approach**

Calculate Readmission Rates by:

Race; Ethnicity; Public vs. Private Insurance; English vs. Spanish Language

Identify Readmissions Cost Analysis by:

Race; Ethnicity; Public vs. Private Insurance; English vs. Spanish Language

Identify Zip Codes in:

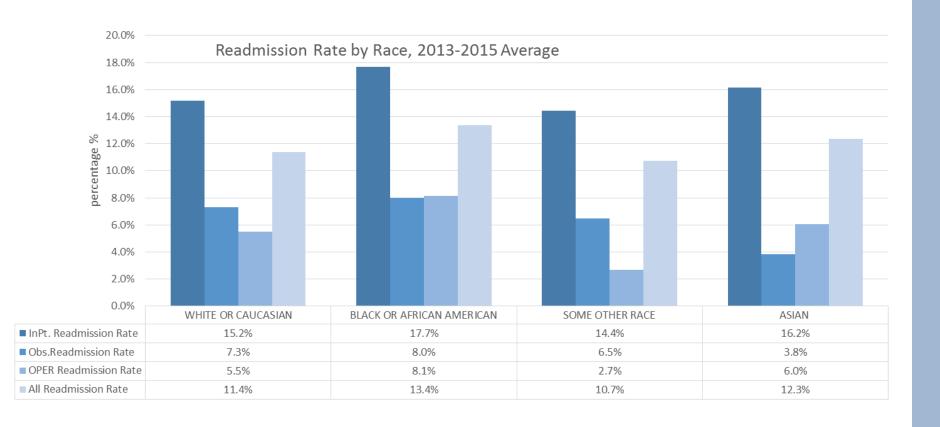
Public vs. Private Insurance and Race with the Highest Number of Patients with Readmissions

#### Calculate:

Cost Differential x Number in the Readmission Disparity Population = Cost of the Readmission Health Disparity



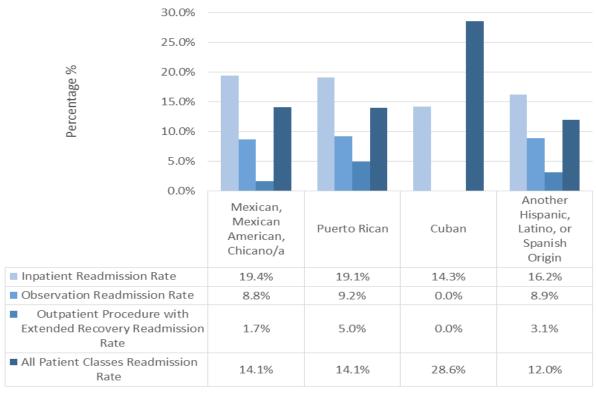
### Inpatient Readmission Rate by Race





### Inpatient Readmission Rate by Ethnicity

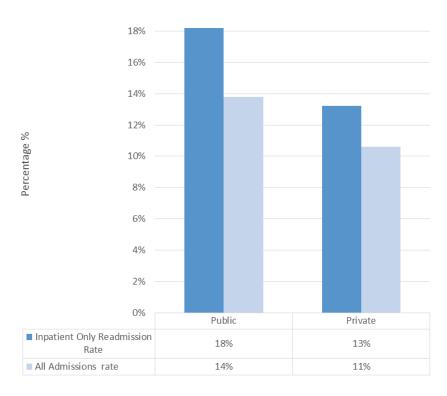






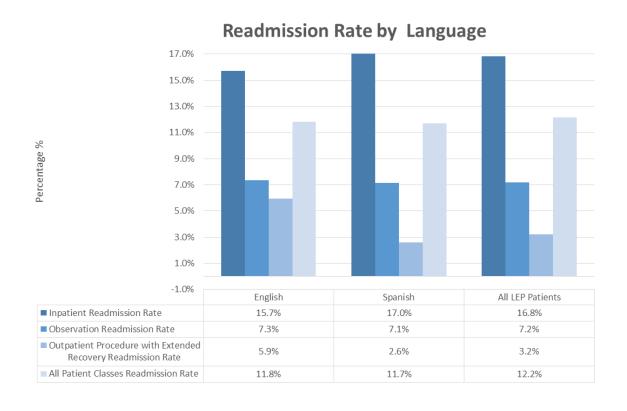
### Inpatient Readmission Rate by Insurance

#### Readmission Rate by Insurance Type Only 2013-15



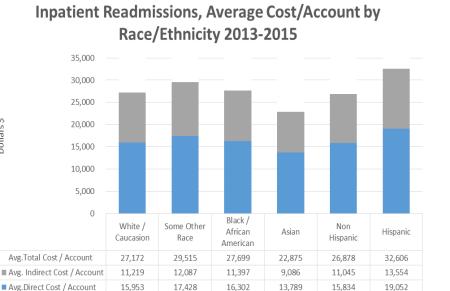


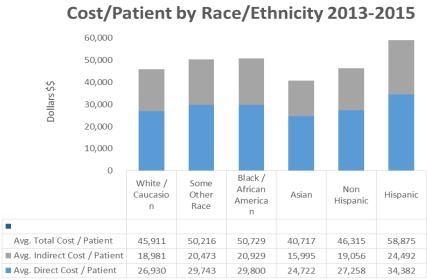
### Inpatient Readmission Rate by Language





# **Inpatient Readmissions: Cost Analysis by Race and Ethnicity**



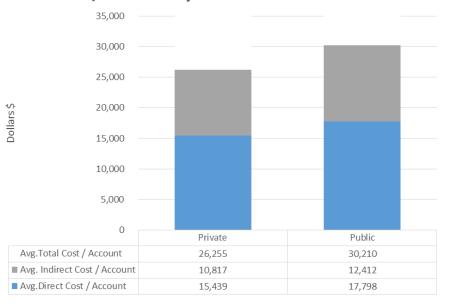


**InPatient Readmissions Average** 

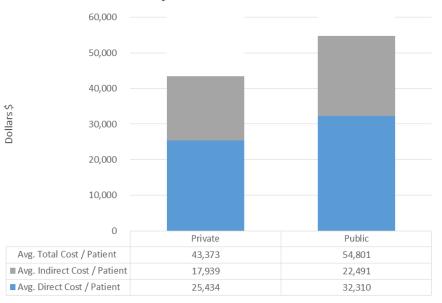


# **Inpatient Readmissions: Cost Analysis by Insurance**

### InPatient Readmissions Average Cost/Account by Insurance 2013-2015



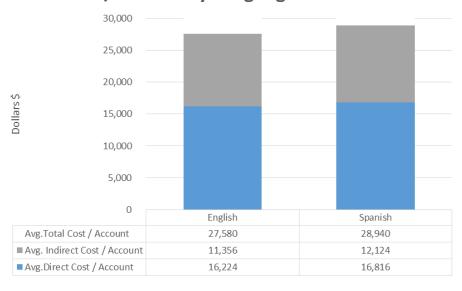
### Inpatient Readmissions Average Cost per Patient by Insurance 2013-2015



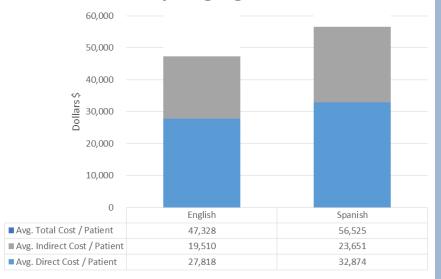


# **Inpatient Readmissions: Cost Analysis by Language**

### InPatient Readmissions Average Cost/Account by Language 2013-2014

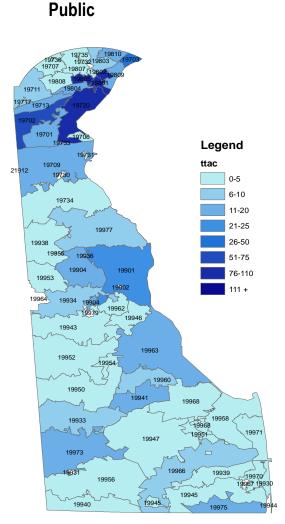


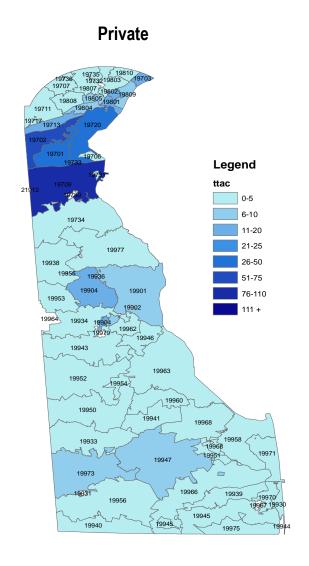
### Inpatient Readmissions Average Cost per Patient by Language 2013-2015





# Number of Readmissions By Zip Code, Insurance and Race (Blacks)

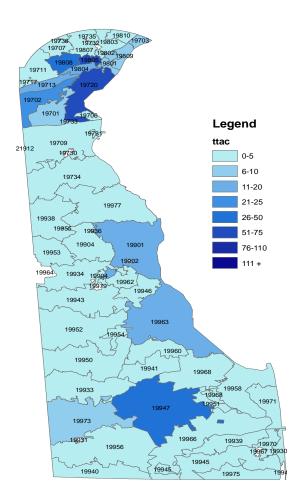




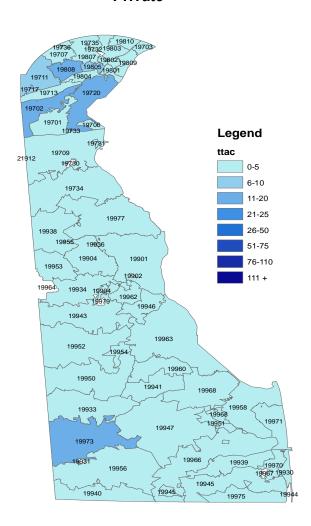


# Number of Readmissions By Zip Code, Insurance and Race (Hispanics)





#### **Private**



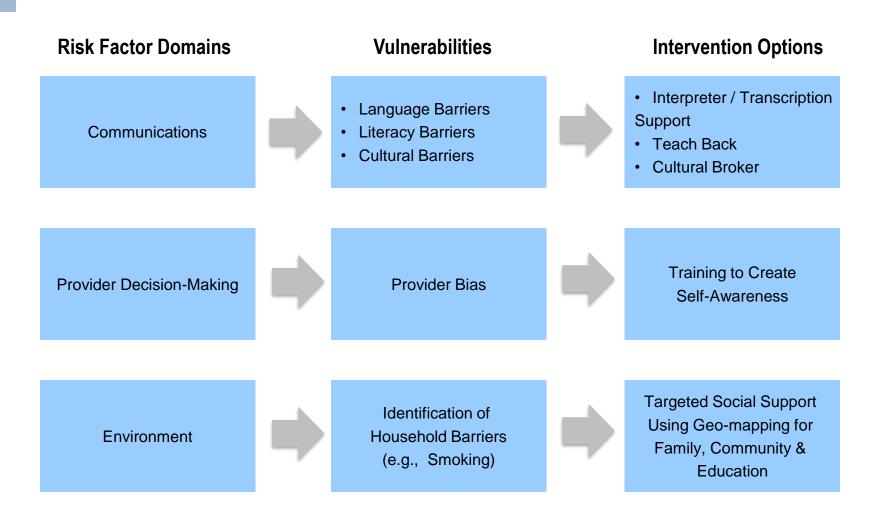


# **Inpatient Readmissions: Cost of Health Disparities**

	White	Some Other Race	Black	Non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Private	Public	English	Spanish
Avg. Total Cost / Pat.	\$38,187	\$39,953	\$42,437	\$38,642	\$46,700	\$36,667	\$43,996	\$39,281	\$44,765
# of Patients		17.3	85.3		75.9		244.8		21.6
Total Cost of Disparity	Index Population	\$692,186	\$3,620,926	Index Population	\$3,545,330	Index Population	\$10,773,374	Index Population	\$965,100

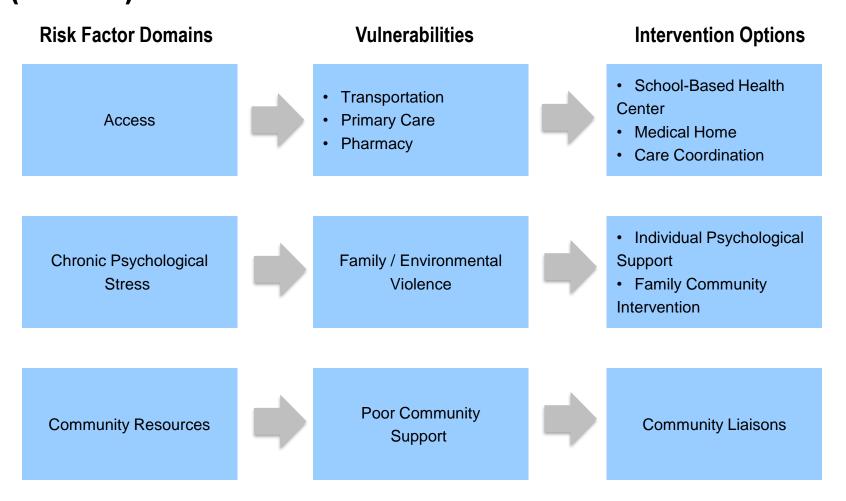


### Logic Model for Readmission Healthcare Disparities





## Logic Model for Readmission Healthcare Disparities (cont'd)



## Nemours Has Received Several Recognitions for our Work in Health Disparities









### Meet my Dad, Andy, a Cancer Survivor



- Today, my Dad is a cancer survivor.
- I am glad I was there with him to help with some of the barriers.
- I understand that not everyone is fortunate enough to have the support to guide them through these health disparities and barriers.
- Reducing health disparities requires a greater awareness, understanding, and compassion – from all of us.

### **Summary**

 Health disparities occur across many dimensions, including race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status, age, location, gender, disability status, and sexual orientation.

- Disparities limit overall improvements in quality of care, health for the broader population and result in unnecessary costs.
- Many groups are at disproportionate risk of being uninsured, lacking access to care, and experiencing worse health outcomes, including people of color and low-income individuals.



### **Thank You**

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